

Rain Tonight and  
Probably Thursday.

# The Washington Times

LAST EDITION

NUMBER 7653.

Yesterday's Circulation, 45,300

WASHINGTON, WEDNESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 4, 1912.

Eighteen Pages

PRICE ONE CENT.

## GIVING SURE CURE FOR BLUES AT CHRISTMAS

St. Nicholas Girl Outlines  
Joys of Upholding Little  
Ones' Faith.

### CASH AND PRESENTS URGENTLY NEEDED

The Times Committee Already  
Busy Cataloging List of  
Young Applicants.

The first letter the St. Nicholas Girl  
opened today when she arrived at her  
office and began to open the mail  
accumulated on her desk over night,  
was this one:

Dear St. Nicholas Girl:

I am feeling blue this morning,  
and I once read somewhere "when  
feeling blue do something for some  
one else," so I am writing to ask  
how I can help you? How can I know  
what to buy for some of those de-  
ceitful youngsters who are begging so  
hard for Santa Claus to help remem-  
ber them? I know I can send you  
money, but I want the pleasure of  
helping—of answering some of those  
letters myself. Now, I will not be  
able to furnish an automobile, or buy  
a walking doll, but any small gifts  
you may want I would love to fur-  
nish. Let me hear from you soon,  
please. Yours for happiness,

E. B. C.

### Great Help for "Blues."

Can anybody think of a better anti-  
dote for the blues than doing something  
for the hundreds of poor little tots  
who are appealing to you? The St. Ni-  
cholas Girl of The Times, their plea-  
sant teller of hopes unfulfilled, and of  
suffering unrelieved?

The St. Nicholas Girl assures the  
correspondent that every little bit of  
help is gladly accepted, and even the  
smallest gift will be appreciated by some  
one. It may be just a 10-cent doll baby,  
with yellow hair and blue eyes, or it  
may be a dollar, which will buy ten  
such doll babies, and one contribution  
will be as thankfully received as the  
other. It takes a good many doll babies  
to go around among seven or eight  
thousand children, and a good many  
dollars to buy them.

The St. Nicholas Girl of The Wash-  
ington Times has promised that she will  
give every poor little child in Wash-  
ington a Christmas present this year, if  
the citizens of Washington will only do  
their part. The donations are coming  
in slowly, a great deal more than  
the little letters to Santa Claus.

**Money and Toys Needed.**  
A great deal of money will be needed,  
and many, many toys. So the St. Ni-  
cholas Girl asks everybody who knows  
of any old toys hidden away in some  
garret or closet, to send them down to  
the Munsey building, 11th street, where  
she will be glad to see that they are dis-  
tributed where they will bring the most  
happiness.

Let's have an old-time Christmas this  
year. Let's revive the spirit of Chris-  
mas giving—to be brave enough to give  
only where love and sympathy and  
helpfulness are the motives. Let's give  
to the poor, the lonely, the helpless,  
the ill, the friendless, and especially to  
the hundreds of poor little children who  
so implicitly in Santa Claus.

You believed in him once yourself,  
dear reader, the St. Nicholas Girl knows  
that. You did, or you didn't, or you  
didn't believe in him for a year or two,  
until it was brought right home to you,  
and you were forced to believe in him.  
That wonderful, beautiful faith in the  
good old saint is one of the pleasantest  
memories of your life, and you would  
give anything in the world to have it  
back again.

### Keep Faith With Children.

This is the mission of the St. Nicholas  
Girl—to keep faith with the little poor  
children in the great city that is the Na-  
tion's Capital. It is a disgrace that such  
conditions should exist in such a  
beautiful, wealthy city, but these condi-  
tions cannot be reformed in a day or  
a week, or a year. The business class  
at hand must be attended to first, and  
this is what the St. Nicholas Girl in-  
tends to do, so far as it is in her  
power.

Her committee is ready to assist her  
in handling the large volume of mail that  
comes with every delivery, and now it  
goes up to the kind people of Washington  
to help her out with their contributions of  
toys or money with which to buy them.  
If you have children of your own, think  
of their happiness next Christmas morn-  
ing, when they will be looking for their  
stockings and find the beautiful things  
that Santa Claus has brought to them.  
If you haven't any of your own, re-  
member your own childhood, and your  
joys and your disappointments, and  
make up your mind that if you can help  
it, you will not allow some one little  
child in Washington to be disappointed  
this Christmas.

Natural Beauty and Attractiveness. The  
country traversed by the Southern Rail-  
way creates a most favorable and in-  
dubitable impression. Represents prosper-  
ity, comfort, elegance, and with St. N.  
and St. N. W. Adv.

## Held Up by Burglar



ABE GINZBERG.

## DEEP WATERWAY DELEGATES CHEER SPEECH BY TAFT

President Favors \$50,000-  
000 to Improve Mississip-  
pi River Alone.

Twenty-three hundred delegates to  
the ninth annual convention of the Na-  
tional Rivers and Harbors Congress to-  
day cheered to the echo a declaration  
by President Taft in favor of an im-  
mediate appropriation of \$50,000,000 for  
the improvement of the Mississippi  
river so as to prevent floods, and a  
little later the delegates applauded with  
like vigor a warning against monopoliza-  
tion of waterway terminals by the  
railways.

President Joseph E. Ransdell, of the  
congress, who is Senator from Louisi-  
ana, uttered this warning and served  
notice on behalf of the Rivers and Har-  
bors Congress that this national organiza-  
tion will not tolerate anything but  
open competition and fair play on the  
waterways of the country.

Applause also resounded through the  
large ball room of the New Willard for  
the address by the Peruvian minister  
to the United States, Frederico Alfonso  
Pezet, who in excellent English, sur-  
prised the river and harbor delegates  
with his account of the enormous water-  
way resources of the southern half  
of the continent, and who warned the  
United States to be up and doing with  
respect to South American trade when  
the Panama canal is opened.

President Taft, first creating a laugh  
by saying it was "for the fourth and  
last time that he was addressing the  
convention, came out flat footed for  
a \$50,000,000 appropriation for the  
improvement of the Mississippi. He  
told the delegates that it was not a  
question of improving navigation  
conditions, but of protecting tremen-  
dous part of the country from flood.  
That it was not a local question, but  
a national one, and that the Pacific coast  
and the Atlantic seaboard as to the men of the Middle-  
West as bad as bad.

"We must expect different appropria-  
tions in accordance with the given  
facts of a region," said the President.  
"The money must be spent in ac-  
cordance with the way the land is  
designed to be used. The history of  
the Mississippi has established its  
right to be considered as a national  
question."

"If I were to be responsible, as I shall  
not be responsible for future activities,  
I should say that we must approach  
promptly this question of improving  
the Mississippi, not to establish any  
twenty-four foot rule, but to establish  
the real object of saving a  
large part of the country."

Speaking first of the loss of terminals,  
he cited Philadelphia as an example  
where, he said, that one railroad had  
been controlling practically all the  
business, and there are other cities  
not a thousand miles from Philadel-  
phia, he added, "where conditions are  
just about as bad."

"When the rivers are improved," said  
Senator Ransdell, "they must not be  
monopolized by any water-carrying  
concern or by any rival railroad. Col-  
onel Goethals, with the fame of whose  
achievements at Panama the world is  
ringing, is quoted as saying that three  
times while in western river work he  
saw commerce grow by leaps and  
bounds. And three times a railroad  
bought up the line and dismantled it."

"This shall not be! When the money  
has been spent, the money must be  
available for use, fairly and freely  
to the people. The bank must be  
our must watch carefully, not re-  
laxing in the slightest our vigilance  
together with the highways working  
together to serve the common good of all  
the people."

"Honey Fits" To Speak.

## DARING ROBBER BAFFLES POLICE SEEKING CLUES

Thief Tries to Asphyxiate  
Hyattsville Family After  
Raiding House.

### BURGLAR SECURES \$40 FROM GROCER

Good Description of Wanted Man  
Is Given Detectives by  
Child.

**Daring Burglar's  
Description As  
Given to Police**

Age, about twenty years.  
Height, five feet nine inches.  
Weight, 130 pounds.  
Red or sandy hair; smooth reddish  
face.  
Gold tooth that shows when he  
talks or smiles.  
Speaks broken English, but says he  
is Irish.  
Neatly dressed in brown suit, light  
cap, tan shoes, no overcoat.

Confronted with a series of the  
boldest hold-ups and robberies that  
have occurred in Washington and on  
the outskirts of the District in years,  
the police today frankly admitted  
that up to the present time they  
have failed to get a tangible clue to  
the identity of the daring burglar  
who, after eight hold-ups in Wash-  
ington, shifted the scene of his ac-  
tivity early today to Hyattsville, Md.,  
where he entered and robbed eight  
houses.

One more suspect was taken in  
custody this afternoon, when Central  
Office detectives arrested a young  
white man answering the description  
of the robber.

### Held on Scant Evidence.

The detectives frankly admitted that  
the only thing they had against him  
was the fact that he lived two doors  
from one of the houses that was en-  
tered; that he has a previous police re-  
cord, and was known to be out last Sun-  
day night, when seven houses in the  
central part of the city were entered.  
The suspect was taken before Miss  
Dorothy Detweiler and Miss Jane Kar-  
ney, of the two valuable actresses, from  
whose room, at 308, Thirteenth street,  
the man fled after the robbery. The  
police said they would be released  
later. He was formally arrested.

### Left Gas Turned On.

All eight of the houses robbed in  
Hyattsville are in a section of the little  
town known as Seward's subdivision.  
In one of them the burglar left seven  
gas jets turned on, for the evident pur-  
pose of asphyxiating all the persons  
sleeping in the house.

The robberies occurred some time be-  
tween midnight and 4 o'clock in the  
morning. The police at the time were  
scouring the city for trace of the rob-  
ber, who at 8 o'clock last night held  
up and robbed a grocer in Florida ave-  
nue, two blocks from the Eighth pre-  
cinct police station, of \$25 and a watch.  
The police believe he eluded them by walking to  
Hyattsville.

Two more houses were reported this  
afternoon as having been entered at  
Hyattsville. They were the homes of  
R. W. Walton and Sergeant H. E.  
Grady, of the army, who were sound-  
ing from the home of J. D. Keeler the thief  
obtained an overcoat and \$25 in cash.  
At the home of Edward Keegan, bal-  
liff of the Court of Claims of the  
Department of Justice, one of those en-  
tered at Hyattsville, several gas jets  
were found turned on full. It is be-  
lieved the burglar turned on the gas  
in the hope of asphyxiating those sleep-  
ing in the house, and had it not been  
for the fact that he left the kitchen  
door open, his purpose would probably  
have been accomplished but for cash.

### Saves His Family.

Awakened shortly after 6 o'clock by  
the odor of escaping gas, Mr. Keegan,  
almost overcome by the fumes, made  
his way down stairs and turned off the  
jets. In rooms on the second floor, with  
the doors open, his five children were  
sleeping, unconscious of the danger. All  
were affected by the gas and Mr. Keegan  
said today he believed, if he had  
not discovered the open gas jets when  
he did, his family would all have been  
killed.

None of the persons at Hyattsville  
saw the burglar, the police here  
are convinced that he is the man who  
committed the numerous bold robberies  
in Washington. In all of the places he  
entered here, the robber took nothing  
but money. He left undisturbed silver-  
ware, jewelry, and other articles of  
value, scaling nothing but cash.

Besides the Keegan house, the burglar  
entered at Hyattsville the homes of  
W. R. Walton, an employee of the Agri-  
cultural Department; H. J. Robertson,  
an employee of the Government Printing  
(Continued on Seventh Page.)

## GEN. SICKLES KISSES WIFE; DEBT IS PAID

Woman Again Comes to  
Rescue of Aged War Hero  
With \$3,500.

### WILLING TO CABLE TO SPAIN FOR BALANCE

Sheriff Harburger Had Novel Plan  
to Save Relics From  
Low Prices.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—It looks to-  
day as if the much-postponed sale of  
Gen. Daniel E. Sickles' relics to sat-  
isfy his debts, which was to have  
taken place yesterday, but which  
Sheriff Harburger has adjourned to  
December 12, is called off for good.  
The general and his wife, long  
separated, have made up and she has  
promised to pay the \$5,000 which  
General Sickles owes to the Bank of  
the Metropolis.

It was said this morning that Mrs.  
Sickles already had given \$3,500 to  
the bank officials and said she would  
cable to Madrid for the rest.

### Confusion Around Hero.

General Sickles, now eighty-seven  
years old, stood in his home at 23 Fifth  
avenue surrounded by a heap of con-  
fusion. His picture has been taken  
down, his statues removed from their  
pedestals, his rugs and hangings had  
been rolled, numbered and tagged for  
the sale. To every question as to  
whether or not his wife had finally ef-  
fected a reconciliation and averted the  
catastrophe he replied:

"No, no; I won't have it. That is  
charity. I will accept no charity."

But John Delahanty, attorney for the  
Bank of the Metropolis, said that the  
banks of an agreement had been reached  
and that there would be no sale. The  
explanation came from an old friend  
of the general.

### Friend Tells of Aid.

"On Monday night," said this friend,  
"Mrs. Sickles, who lives at the Hotel  
Marlton, on West Eighth street, with her  
son Stanton, called on General Sickles,  
the general's request for money to cash  
into the hall there was the general,  
balancing himself on his crutches. He  
cried: 'Carolina, O, Carolina!' embraced  
her and kissed her on both cheeks."  
She told him she was prepared to  
aid him in his trouble due to his  
tangled business affairs. This morn-  
ing she drew \$3,500, her entire balance,  
from her bank and put it up as an  
earnest of her intention to pay off the  
judgment due the Bank of the Metropo-  
lis. She was treated by the officers of  
the bank as if it was her money, and  
her to make good her promise to cable  
to Spain for more money. In effect the  
property in General Sickles' house has  
been conveyed to her, so there is no  
longer any danger that the general will  
lose it.

### Wife Happy Again.

Mrs. Sickles was not at home last  
night. Friends in the neighborhood  
said that she had talked very happily  
with them, saying:

"The general cares more for his  
home and his war memorabilia than for  
anything else in the world. I do not  
care for the home or the things. They  
are for him while he lives. I want  
him to be happy. He sent for me and  
I went to see him with my son Stanton.  
The result is that tomorrow his pic-  
ture will be put back on the walls and  
the house will be in order again."

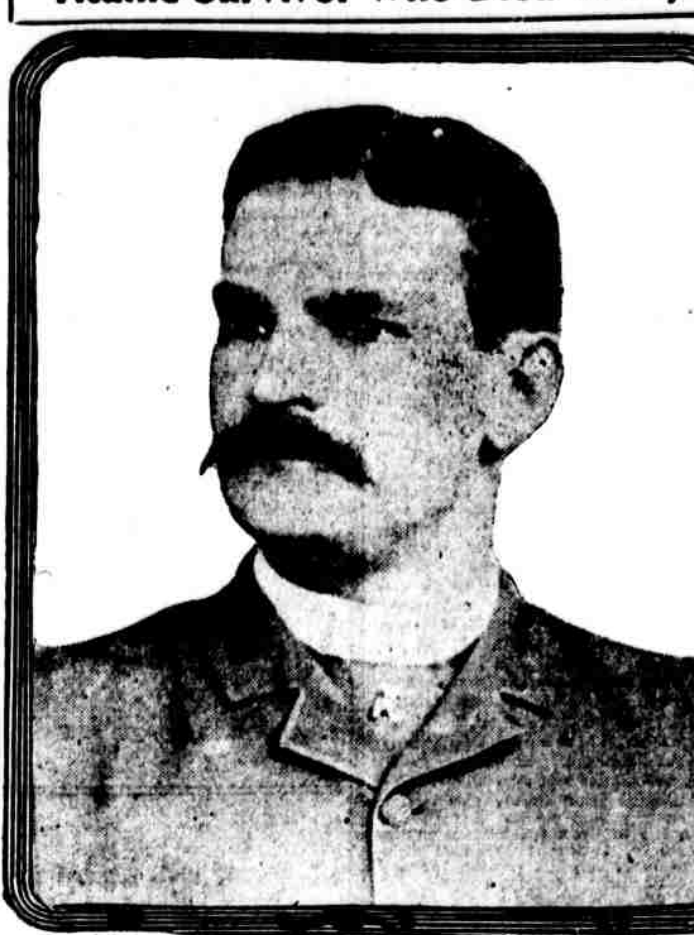
"They will hang up again for all the  
mirrors in his room. We brought them  
from Madrid, though I did not want  
them. Once a man who sold some of  
the things in our house told me that he  
had sold the mirrors to a great mis-  
take. I asked him who bought them  
and he said: 'The bullfighter's wife!'  
I did not want the bullfighter's wife  
to have my mirrors. I told the man that  
I would buy them back for \$25. So we got  
the pictures again and brought them to  
New York. That was nearly forty  
years ago."

Mrs. Sickles said that in the Monday  
night interview General Sickles asked  
their son Stanton to call again. It was  
said that Stanton kept the engagement  
and that General Sickles repeated ex-  
actly the same story. The sheriff Har-  
burger was said to have ended  
when all this was related to him. He  
had telephoned him that only yesterday  
he was trying to do to save the re-  
lationships having been reached with  
Mrs. Sickles.

"As for Mr. Delahanty," said the  
sheriff, "you may hear of him as saying  
that he knows nothing about this mat-  
ter except what I told him this morn-  
ing. The bank has not notified me what  
the judgment is ready to be satisfied  
without a sheriff's sale. I said to Mr.  
Delahanty, 'Buy General Sickles' posses-  
sions at once, and I will be satisfied with  
his true worth.'"

As soon as enough of them had been  
disposed of to pay the judgment, the  
sale was to be stopped. The sheriff  
said last night that in the absence of  
notice from the Bank of the Metropo-  
lis he had been satisfied already. He  
intended to send the same sort of let-  
ters to other members of the sheriff's  
staff advising them that the sale would  
take place on December 12.

## Titanic Survivor Who Died Today



COL. ARCHIBALD GRACIE.

## ARCHIBALD GRACIE, TITANIC SURVIVOR, DIES IN NEW YORK

Colonel, Long Resident of  
Washington, Ill Only a  
Short Time.

Col. Archibald Gracie, of New York  
and Washington, the last man to be  
saved from the sinking Titanic when  
that ocean palace sank in mid-Atlantic  
last April, taking hundreds to their  
death, died in a private hospital in  
New York today. Colonel Gracie, who  
had been in the metropolis but a few  
days, had been in declining health for  
several months. His only daughter was  
at his bedside at the time of his death.  
It was only last Saturday night that  
Colonel Gracie appeared before a Wash-  
ington audience, when, at the Univer-  
sity Club, he lectured on "The Truth  
About the Titanic."

### Falling Since Disaster.

Colonel Gracie, since his harrowing  
experiences of last spring, has been  
falling in health. For the last several  
weeks he grew weaker. He had been  
engaged in preparing a book containing  
his views of the causes attending the  
sinking of the White Star liner. The  
work exhausted his strength, and he  
had contemplated a long vacation when  
the end came.

A short time before departing for  
America on the ill-fated Titanic, Col-  
onel Gracie underwent an operation,  
from which he never recovered.

### About 55 Years Old.

Colonel Gracie was about fifty-five  
years old. He came here several years  
ago to obtain material for the book  
he was writing, "The Truth About  
Chicamauga," and later a work on the  
year of 1812. While here he became  
prominent in social circles. He went to  
England to obtain further material for  
his book, and was returning on the  
Titanic when the ship was lost. All  
the manuscript, much of which was  
very valuable, went down.

Colonel Gracie was the son of Colonel  
Archibald Gracie, of Mobile, Ala.,  
prominent in social and business circles  
of Lacksawanna, and a member of the  
living, Miss Edith Gracie, who was a  
dramatist last season. Miss Gracie and  
Mrs. Gracie are now both in New York,  
where they went to visit during the  
colonel's illness.

## Hickey's Lawyer Busy Looking Up Boy Murders

BUFFALO, N. Y., Dec. 4.—Daniel V.  
Murphy, counsel for J. Frank Hickey,  
self-confessed slayer of little Joe Jo-  
seph, of Lackawanna, and Michael  
Kruk, newboy of New York city, is  
going over with his client today the  
great mass of detailed information re-  
ceived by local authorities from the  
police of other cities, covering unsolved  
crimes similar to the slaying of the  
Josephs and Kruk boys.

### WEATHER REPORT.

FORECAST FOR THE DISTRICT:  
Rain tonight and probably Thursday;  
warmer tomorrow.

TEMPERATURES.  
U. S. BUREAU OF AERONAUTICS.  
8 a. m. .... 38 8 a. m. .... 42  
9 a. m. .... 41 9 a. m. .... 45  
10 a. m. .... 44 10 a. m. .... 48  
11 a. m. .... 46 11 a. m. .... 50  
12 noon. .... 48 12 noon. .... 52  
1 p. m. .... 47 1 p. m. .... 50  
2 p. m. .... 46 2 p. m. .... 49

### TIDE TABLE.

Today—High tide, 10:10 a. m. and 10:17  
p. m.; low tide, 4:24 a. m. and 5:05 p. m.  
Tomorrow—High tide, 11:07 a. m. and  
11:28 p. m.; low tide, 5:20 a. m. and 5:52  
p. m.

### SUN TABLE.

Sun rises ..... 7:01 1 Sun sets ..... 4:30

## FEDERAL CLERKS JARRED BY HOUSE BOARD ON BUDGET

Committee Wants to Force Government Em-  
ployes to Serve Probation of Eleven  
Months Before Being Transferred.

## PENSION FOR CHIEF EXECUTIVE IS STRICKEN FROM MESSAGE

By THEODORE TILLER.

Government employes in Washington and in all  
branches of the classified service are handed another jolt  
in the legislative, executive, and judicial appropriation bill  
reported to the House today by the Appropriations Com-  
mittee.

Unlike the seven-year tenure clause in the last bill, the  
pending provision does not strike primarily at the classi-  
fied service as such, but at the individual clerk, who would  
resign a job in one department to take a better job in an-  
other.

In brief, the House committee proposes that no em-  
ployee resigning from one branch of the classified service  
shall be eligible to appointment in another branch until  
eleven months have elapsed.

### STOPS OLD PRACTICE OF CHANGING.

This is intended to check a practice "winked at," it is said, by some  
bureau chiefs, but mainly engineered by the astute clerk himself. In  
other words, if a \$900 clerk in the Treasury, for instance, is tipped off that  
he can get a \$1,200 place in Postoffice, that clerk is not permitted to re-  
sign the first place, go on the eligible list for a few hours, and resume his  
work in another department, and at better pay, the next day. He must  
wait eleven months.

## PROSECUTOR OF JUDGE ARCHBALD CENTER OF MIXUP

Senator Bailey Objects to  
Wrisley Brown's Dual Im-  
peachment Duty.

Because an attorney of the Depart-  
ment of Justice, Wrisley Brown, is  
at the same time acting as attorney  
for the House managers in conduct-  
ing the case against Judge Robert W.  
Archbald, of the commerce court, op-  
position to this method of procedure  
has been kicked up by some of the  
Senators.

Senator Bailey of Texas is one of  
those who does not like the idea  
of an official of the Department of  
Justice acting as counsel for the  
House managers in fighting for the  
conviction of an accused judge in an  
impeachment case. The House man-  
agers are considerably in the air  
about it.

One suggestion is that Mr. Brown,  
who in fact, investigated the conduct of  
Judge Archbald, resign from the De-  
partment of Justice. This would re-  
move the objections of Senators who  
seem to fear an unwelcome precedent might  
be established.

The Senate sitting as a court was ex-  
pected to make progress in the trial of  
the impeachment proceedings against  
Judge Archbald today. The examina-  
tion of witnesses in the case began  
this afternoon.

So much time was consumed yester-  
day afternoon in the opening statement  
on the part of Attorney A. S. Worthing-  
ton, as counsel for Judge Archbald, and  
on the part of the House managers,  
that it was deemed unwise then to pro-  
ceed with the examination of witnesses.  
Judge Clayton, for the House managers,  
said he would proceed with the exami-  
nation of witnesses today.

It is the disposition of the Senate to  
proceed with the trial with as much  
dispatch as possible. At the same time  
it is generally believed that it will be  
impossible to dispose of the case be-  
fore the holiday recess. Senators gen-  
erally consider that a month will be  
needed for the trial to come to Wash-  
ington in the opening statement that  
the House managers had imputed a  
single, impeachable offense to Judge  
Archbald. Mr. Worthington said that  
in not one of the transactions which  
were the basis of the impeachment, he  
showed and that, in all the thirteen ar-  
ticles of impeachment, no specific  
instance of wrongdoing could be cited.

Denial was made by Attorney Worthing-  
ton in his opening statement that  
the House managers had imputed a  
single, impeachable offense to Judge  
Archbald. Mr. Worthington said that  
in not one of the transactions which  
were the basis of the impeachment, he  
showed and that, in all the thirteen ar-  
ticles of impeachment, no specific  
instance of wrongdoing could be cited.

Some of the government's witnesses,  
it was learned today, are so poor that  
they were unable to come to Wash-  
ington for the trial without advances of  
money for traveling and hotel expenses.  
These advances had been imputed a  
single, impeachable offense to Judge  
Archbald. Mr. Worthington said that  
in not one of the transactions which  
were the basis of the impeachment, he  
showed and that, in all the thirteen ar-  
ticles of impeachment, no specific  
instance of wrongdoing could be cited.

It is claimed in justification for the  
recommendation of legislation that there is  
a constant interchange of jobs in the  
Government service—although formal  
transfers are allowed only after three  
years' service—and that as soon as a  
clerk "gets on" to the work in one  
bureau he begins looking about for a  
better place, an entirely different line  
of endeavor.

The language of the provision in the  
legislative bill, as quoted herewith, is  
self-explanatory, and is destined to  
raise a howl from the thousands of  
classified service employes in Washing-  
ton and elsewhere.

As reported today the legislative,  
executive, and judicial appropriation  
bill carries \$31,857,165.50, which is a cut  
of \$1,017,450 in the estimates submitted  
for these establishments. The appropri-  
ation is \$31,857,165.50 less than was allowed  
for the same service for the current fiscal  
year.

While the House pruning knife has  
been more judiciously applied than last  
session, the bill provides for 847 fewer  
salaries than were asked in the esti-  
mates.

Several Increases.  
However, the House committee grants  
a number of salary increases, affect-  
ing practically all divisions in the Gov-  
ernment departments, and has accorded  
to requests for a considerable number  
of additional clerks in those branches  
crowded with work.

It is not anticipated that President  
Taft will veto the bill because of this,  
inasmuch as the Democratic Adminis-  
tration will have full control of the  
Government after March 4, and the  
House has assumed in advance the re-  
sponsibility of abolishing the Com-  
missioners.

### IN CONGRESS TODAY.

SENATE.

Senate met at noon.

Trial of Judge Archbald resumed at  
2 o'clock.

Senator Bristow Introduces Important  
amendments proposed to Constitu-  
tion.

Senator Gallinger Introduces bill to  
open and widen Western avenue.

Senator Swanson Introduces bill to re-  
organize police force of Library of  
Congress.

No meeting of District Committee be-  
fore holidays.

HOUSE.

The Crago omnibus pension bill was  
passed following a short filibuster by  
Congressman Roddenberry.

Bills on regular calendar considered.

Legislative appropriation bill reported.

Agricultural Committee postponed until  
tomorrow's vote on oleomargarine bill.